

# Calculation Methods

As of July 22, 2008

- Arithmetic Averaging [ 9 ]
- CEMS Arithmetic Averaging [ \$ ]
- Average Wind Speed [ 3 ]
- Average Horizontal Wind Direction [ 4 ]
- Vector Wind Speed [ 1 ]
- Vector Wind Direction [ 2 ]
- Sigma Theta [ S ]
- Sigma v [ j ]
- Rain Tip Bucket [ A ]
- Rain Optical [ p ] =  $(25 * (V_{out} \exp 1.87)) - 0.15$
- Min N Seconds [ x ] = Minimum 'N' second average
- Peak N Seconds [ y ] = Maximum 'N' second Average
- Product [ 7 ] =  $P1 * P2$
- Product 2 [ g ] =  $P1 * \text{CONSTANT}$
- Product 3 [ h ] =  $P1 * P2 * \text{CONSTANT}$
- Product 4 [ v ] =  $P1 / (\text{CONSTANT} - P2)$
- Product 5 [ w ] =  $P1 * \text{CONSTANT} * 9240 * (20.9 / (20.9 - P2))$
- Product 6 [ B ] =  $(P1 * \text{CONSTANT}) + 3371$
- Product 7 [ a ] =  $(P1 * 0.001959) / (0.265 - (0.0126 * P2))$
- Product 8 [ b ] =  $14984 * \text{SQRT}(650 / (P1 + 460)) * (P2 / 5937000)$
- Product 9 [ c ] =  $\text{CONSTANT} * P1 / P2$
- Product 10 [ d ] =  $P1 + \text{CONSTANT}$
- Product 11 [ e ] =  $\text{SQRT}(P1 / \text{CONSTANT})$
- Product 12 [ J ] =  $(P1 * P2) / \text{CONSTANT}$
- Hourly Ave Product 2 [ W ] =  $P1 * \text{CONSTANT}$
- Hourly Ave Product 12 [ X ] =  $(P1 * P2) / \text{CONSTANT}$
- Daily Summation [ D ] = Daily Summation of Hourly Averages
- Summation [ K ] =  $P1 + P2$
- Hour Previous Daily Summation [ Q ]
- N Hour Rolling Average [ r ]
- N Hour Block Average [ q ]
- Difference [ 6 ] =  $P1 - P2$
- Hourly Ave Difference [ V ] =  $P1 - P2$

- Hourly Ave Ratio [ Y ] =  $P1 / P2$
- Hourly Ave Percent O2 [ Z ] =  $P1 * ((21 - \text{CONSTANT}) / (21 - P2))$
- Percent O2 [ o ] =  $P1 * ((21 - \text{CONSTANT}) / (21 - P2))$
- Ratio [ 8 ] =  $P1 / P2$
- Square Root [ s ] = Square Root of P1
- Hour Previous [ E ]
- Min N Minutes [ F ] = The minimum 'N' Minute average
- Peak N Minute Rolling [ G ] = The maximum 'N' Minute rolling average
- Peak N Minute Block [ M ] = The maximum 'N' Minute block average
- Floor [ f ] = The greater of P1 and CONSTANT
- Ceiling [ C ] = The lesser of P1 and CONSTANT
- Dual Range [ L ]
- Hour Snapshot [ R ]
- Dual Range 2 [ T ] = When  $P1 < \text{CONSTANT}$  then P1, else P2
- Dual Range 3 [ U ] = When input bit # CONSTANT is 0 then P1, else P2
- Dual Range 4 [ ! ] = When  $P1 < \text{CONSTANT}$  then P2, else P1
- Modbus Master [ M ]
- N-Hour Operational Rolling [ l ]
- PLC Input [ P ]
- SQL Input [ N ]
- 1 Hour Opacity [ H ]
- 2 Minute Opacity [ I ]
- Raw Opacity [O] = same as arithmetic average
- Opacity 2 [ z ] =  $100 * (1 - e^{-(DS * Cd/1000 * K)})$
- Part 75 Block 30 Day [ 0 ]
- Part 75 Rolling 30 Day [ 5 ]
- Part 75 Block 15 Minute [ i ]
- N Hour Rolling Projection [ k ]
- N Minute Rolling [ m ]
- 24 Hour Exceedance Projection [ t ]
- Wet To Dry [ u ] =  $P1 / (1 - (P2 / 100))$
- Slope Correction [ # ] =  $C1 * P1 + C2$
- Gas Velocity [ + ] =
- Instant Stack Flow [ % ] =
- Standard Stack Flow [ & ] =